

The Fulton County News.

VOL. XX. NO. 8.

McCONNELLSBURG, PA., NOVEMBER 14, 1918.

\$1.50 A YEAR.

RECORD OF DEATHS.

Short Sketches of the Lives of Persons Who Have Recently Passed Away.

REV. M. L. SIPES.

Rev. M. L. Sipes, aged 81 years, 2 months and 27 days, died at his home in Earlston, a suburb of Everett, Pa., on Tuesday, November 5, 1918 of a complication of diseases incident to advancing age.

Private funeral services were held at his late home at 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon, Rev. E. E. Sponser officiating, assisted by Rev. J. R. Logue. Mr. Sipes had requested that Rev. Sponser should conduct his funeral. Interment was made in the Everett cemetery.

The deceased was a son of Jacob and Mary Lodge Sipes, and he was born in Licking Creek township, this county August 18, 1837. On the 26th of August, 1861, he was married in Brush Creek Valley to Miss Catherine Moore, a woman of lovely character and a fitting helpmeet in the rearing of a splendid family and a sympathetic companion for almost three score of years to her husband. The following children survive: Burton and Howard of Curwensville, Pa.; Mrs. Charles Ott, of Washington, D. C.; Miss Dolly Sipes, of New York; Mrs. H. J. Wagoner, of Cumberland, Md.; Mrs. Harry O'Neal, of Everett Route 4, and Miss Harriet Sipes, at home. Two children preceded him to the grave.

Rev. Sipes had lived in the counties of Fulton and Bedford his entire life, and he had a wide circle of admiring and sincere friends. For a number of years he lived at Earlston, a retired life. He was a life long member of the Christian church, and had been a minister of that denomination for over forty-five years. He was a man of great piety and was noted for his exemplary christian life. Although he had been a sufferer for many years, he always bore his suffering with christian grace and fortitude. He was a man of unusual intelligence and always used his knowledge to help other people.

The ancestors of Mr. Sipes were pioneers in the settlement of Fulton county. On his mother's side, his grand mother, Roseann Hanks Lodge, was a full sister to the father of Nancy Hanks, the mother of Abraham Lincoln.

JOHN A. HAUMAN.

Veteran John Andrew Hauman died at his home in Licking Creek Township on Wednesday, November 6, 1918 of epilepsy, aged 74 years, 7 months 7 days. The deceased was attacked by fits so frequently during the past year, that his physical and mental strength both became very low.

The deceased was a son of James and Henrietta Deshong Hauman, whose home was along the eastern base of Sideling Hill two miles south of Saluvia. Being left fatherless when quite young, he and his widowed mother lived on the old home place until he went to the Civil War as a private in Co. A, 117th regiment, P. V. After the War, he returned home and cared for his mother until her death. He married Caroline Daniels, a sister of the late Jacob Daniels. Besides the faithful wife, there survives two sons Jacob R. Hauman and Raymond Chester Hauman, and the mother and sons reside on the old home place. Funeral services, conducted by Rev. E. J. Croft, were held on Friday morning and interment was made at the Sideling Hill church.

PETER O. CRIST.

Peter O. Crist died at his home in Warfordsburg, Nov. 6, 1918, aged 75 years, 7 months and 25 days. His remains were laid to rest in the Presbyterian cemetery at Warfordsburg, Nov. 8th. Rev. A. W. May conducting the service at his late home.

Mr. Crist was born in Lairds-ville, Licking county, Pa.

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WAS BORN IN FULTON COUNTY.

Andrew Ludwig Fisher Died in France October 12th from Wounds Received in Battle.

A telegram from Ottawa, Canada, received a few days ago by Mrs. Daniel Knauff, of Ayr township, stated that her brother Andrew Ludwig Fisher died on the 12th of October of a gunshot wound received in battle.

The deceased was the youngest child of Joseph and Catherine Kellner Fisher, and he was born, and spent the first ten years of his life, in this county, after which time the family moved to Blair County. He was aged 25 years, 11 months, and 10 days. He was a private in Company A, 20th Canadian battalion, and he had previously been reported as wounded. Five brothers and one sister survive, namely, Thomas, of Tunnelton, W. Va.; David, El Campo, Tex.; Benjamin, Sunbury, Pa.; Jacob and Henry, residing in Reading, Pa., and Sarah, wife of Daniel Knauff, in Ayr township, this county.

Soldier's Letter.

Squadron E, Air Service, Park Field Tenn.

Dear Parents:

I guess you are wondering where I am this Sunday, as I told you last week I expected to leave for England soon. I haven't been called yet, but two of my tent mates left last Wednesday, they are going straight to England. I had my overseas examination Tuesday and passed O. K. It will soon be ten months since I enlisted. I can't understand why I am so unfortunate, as my only desire is to get into duty. There have been only a few service squadrons sent over. I suppose when the planes are made a little faster, they will need the men. I was very glad to hear little Fulton went over the top with the Liberty loan. Memphis went over the top; but it should, as that place sure is full of slackers. Every corner has a bunch of fellows in and around the draft age smoking their cigarettes, having on nicely pressed overcoats made army style, and white kid gloves.

The air service is great sport. I hope that someday I can come home and take you a good ride. I am learning to fly one, have been up twice by myself. I was up the other day with a fellow who has been at the game over a year and got some ride. We dropped from 12,000 ft. to 7,000 ft. in a tail spin. Our greatest sport is when flying over a cotton field to drop to about eighty ft. and see the negroes run. They are death afraid of a plane. I am anxious to learn the stunts; as the old saying is, "any fool can take a plane off the ground, but it takes a steady head to land safe." There were 20 fell week before last, but no one was hurt. The planes were badly broken. We have just the two kinds—Curtiss and Canadian—both training planes.

It doesn't seem that Newt has served over a year at the front. Suppose Mac has gone to camp, so if we both get over, you will lack one of having half a squad in France.

P. MORTON.

"Over the Top."

For the second time in this term, Back Run School in Ayr township, under the supervision of Elias Lynch, has gone "over the top" in Red Cross Work.

This is the first school to report one hundred per cent. Junior Red Cross membership, and it is entitled to a Junior Red Cross certificate which is presented to each school having one hundred per cent. membership.

Mrs. J. EMORY THOMAS, Chairman Junior Red Cross.

Are you a member of the Red Cross? Then, be at the annual meeting Wednesday November 20th.

Celebrated Ahead of Time.

There are many ways of "making a living." One, is to gather all the news from certain territory and sell it to the newspapers. There are several associations or corporations that do this kind of business, and they perform a very important service in the placing of the very latest events before the eyes of the reading public. To merit the confidence of the public and the patronage of the newspapers, these reports should be reliable, and as a rule, they are. Once in awhile, chances are taken, upon the assumption that a guess is as good as anything else, when it hits. How it works when a "guess" doesn't materialize, was exemplified last week, when on Thursday the United States Press Association sent out a dispatch from Overseas that Germany had signed the armistice; and, therefore, the "war was over." The news spread like wild fire, and in a few hours the whole Country was in a state of hilarious jubilation. From the largest city to the smallest hamlet, bells were rung, whistles blown, streets were filled with men women and children, cheering, blowing horns, shooting "cannon crackers" and doing everything possible to express their great joy.

In a very few hours it was found that the rumor was a fake, but that made little difference to the majority of those who had started out to celebrate, and the racket was kept up half Thursday night.

Why, certainly McConnellsburg was in it, and had as much excitement as if the report had been true. Fortunately, we have no accidents to report for McConnellsburg, although there was a reckless use of firearms and cannon crackers on the street. Up in our neighboring town, of Bedford, some person or persons took advantage of the uproar on the streets and broke in to the post office, blew open the big iron safe, extracted \$300.00 in cash, and carried away about \$40,000.00 worth of War Savings Stamps. The same thing could have happened in McConnellsburg as far as noise and excitement were concerned.

DUBLIN MILLS.

New cases of "Flu" continue to break out in our town.

Squirrels are plentiful, but rabbits are scarce. Carl Hess seems to be champion hunter of this place. He killed three gray squirrels at one shot the first shot he fired at opening of the season. Arthur Everhart has purchased the Harmon Cromwell or Jacob Miller farm near here.

Corn nearly all husked. Grain is looking fine. Farmers are nearly all ready for winter.

Schools in this vicinity in both Fulton and Hnnntingdon Counties, have been closed for some time.

Robert Bratton lost a valuable horse a few days ago—it being kicked by another.

State Agricultural Notes.

The normal wheat requirements of Pennsylvania are 54, 109,000 bushels at an average per capita consumption of 5.8 bushels per person.

Pennsylvania produces this year an estimated yield of 26, 028 678 bushels of wheat and its total consumption requirements show a deficiency of 28,085,326 bushels.

The wheat throughout the State has made a fine start and very little Hessian fly is reported.

Livestock has gone into winter quarters in splendid shape and there seems to be renewed interest in winter feeding.

There has been a big increase in interest in pig raising through out the State this year.

Mrs. Jane A. Morgret, who had been down at Shiremanstown, Pa., attending the funeral of her son Stillie, returned home last week.

WAR OVER AT LAST.

Armistice Signed Monday Morning. Germany Practically Surrenders Everything. Kaiser Flees from Country.

The greatest war the world has ever seen came to a close last Monday morning when the great guns of the Allies along the entire western front thundred forth a parting shot just for good luck. The armistice had been signed at General Foch's headquarters in a passenger coach on a railroad train several hours before this time, while Kaiser Bill and his bunch were making tracks for Holland.

It was a bitter pill; but the time had come when there was nothing else to do, but swallow it. The terms as dictated by the Allies, seemed hard, and tears ran down over the faces of the representatives of the German government, when they affixed their names to the armistice. Those haughty people, who only a few decades ago, stood with an iron heel upon the necks of the French people, were now bowing before a Frenchman and begging for mercy.

The struggle which began with Austria-Hungary's declaration of war on July 28, 1914, and which declaration was brought about at the instance of Kaiser William to afford him an excuse to begin the war for which he had been planning for forty years, lasted four years, three months and thirteen days. Up to the middle of last July, when the Kaiser's army was within thirty-five miles of Paris, the German army seemed to be sweeping everything before them; but it was at that time that the American army began to take a hand, and from that moment the tide turned, and steadily and surely the enemy was driven back, at tremendous cost it is true, but it was a big job, and had to be handled in a big manner.

While, in a sense, the war is over, it must not be expected that mothers will see their boys home on the first train. An army will be needed for months during the period of reconstruction to see to it that Germany keeps her word. Let us all be thankful that the time has come when our boys do not have to stand up and be shot at.

On Monday President Wilson ordered Provost Marshall Crowder to direct the cancellation of all outstanding draft calls, which stops at once the movement of 252,000 men and sets aside the November calls for over 300,000 men. The 24 men sent to camps from McConnellsburg Monday morning were allowed to return to their homes and most of them came to McConnellsburg Tuesday morning.

Among the conditions of the armistice, Germany must make evacuation of all invaded territories, including Alsace-Lorraine; make reparation for all damages done, permit occupation by the Allied forces of principal gateways to Germany, handing over the principal units of the German high seas fleet, surrender of enough war materials to practically disarm the German forces, and the occupation by American and Allied forces of strategic gateways to enforce the fulfillment of terms' are the principal features.

Complete destruction of the German military machine which brought on the war is provided for, and the way paved for reparation for the damage it wrought.

Germany must get out of Russia entirely and leave territory now occupied open to the Allies. The map of Europe, during discussion of peace terms, will be restored to the lines of 1914. Germany must return the thousands of unfortunates she deported into slavery from France, Belgium and other invaded countries; she must return the gold taken from Russia, Rumania and Belgium; she must make good for the property removed by her troops.

The treaty of Brest-Litovsk, which delivered Russia into Germany's hands, is to be abandoned; the "peace" dictated at Bucharest which prostrated Rumania is likewise to be abandoned.

American and Allied prisoners of war are to be repatriated without reciprocal action; what German forces remain in East Africa are to surrender unconditionally.

Guns, airplanes and other engines of war numbered by the thousands are to be turned over to the associated governments, with their accoutrements. No further destruction must be wrought by the retreating German hordes, and vast supplies of coal, iron and other warmaking materials in the territories they occupy must be handed over undamaged.

Germany is to pay for the maintenance of the troops the associated Governments will place at strategic points in the Rhineland to assure that her promise shall not be a scrap of paper. German merchant ships are to be handed over undamaged that they may be put into the humane work of relieving the distress of her civil population, which the victorious Allies will at once undertake in a spirit of mercy.

In the Black Sea as well as in the Baltic the tentacles of the German military machine are to be clipped by the surrender of forts and ships. Everywhere on all the fronts Germany is requested to deliver her sword while the Americans and Allied troops take positions to enforce her agreement.

Everywhere the great military power which set out to conquer the world in a saturnalia of frightfulness stands humbled before the crusaders for righteousness.

A young child of Mr. and Mrs. Cam Mellott, of Cito, was badly burned recently. A gasoline lamp exploded, and the contents spread the fire over the child's clothing. A woolen cap and sweater protected the child's body, but its face, arms, legs and feet were burned very severely.

H. N. Henry, of Dudley, accompanied by his father, John A. Henry, of Clear Ridge, were business visitors in town last week. The former is the agent in this district for the Delco Electric Light Company and has already sold twenty-four plants in his district.

HONOR ROLL.

Names of New Subscribers and Others Who Have Paid Subscription During the Past Four Weeks.

Because it was not very safe to disobey, we were obedient to the order of the Government, and on the first of October ceased to send the News to any one in arrears at that time.

Some of those who did not get a paper, were back only a week or more, but the line was drawn by the War Industries Board, and every person had to be treated alike. Since that time many of the Four Hundred have paid what was due, and advanced their subscription, and many brand new subscribers have been added to our list. So, why should we worry?

But REMEMBER! If our friends want to continue to get the NEWS, it will be necessary to keep an eye on the label; for we are compelled to quit sending the paper when the time is out. If you do not wish to miss a copy, send in your remittance so it reaches this office a few days before your subscription expires. A dollar pays for eight months, and a two dollar bill, for sixteen months, and fifty cents will bring it into your home for four months.

Look over the list below and see whether you have been credited up right for the last money you paid; then, look at the label on your paper and see that it corresponds with the honor roll. If you have renewed, watch the label until the date is changed. If the date is not changed in two weeks, it would be better that you notify the News office, as it may save a misunderstanding in the future.

Aller, Harry	10 22 19
Anderson, Frances	10 1 19
Andrews, S. M.	3 18 20
Bailey, L. C.	11 15 19
Barnhart, Clyde L.	6 20 19
Barton, F. H.	11 10 19
Barton, Mrs. Elton	1 1 20
Batdorff, Mrs. W. E.	7 1 19
Barnhart, J. T.	5 27 20
Booher, D. T.	11 6 19
Booth, Mrs. Emory	6 24 19
Clevenger, W. B.	5 19 19
Comer, A. J.	10 20 19
Craig, Geo. W.	5 1 19
Daniels, M. E.	3 21 19
Deibaugh, Mrs. O. F.	8 1 19
DeSchwienitz, M. C.	7 24 19
Diggins, Anthony	11 1 19
Dyer, Martin	11 9 19
Everhart, Mrs. Geo.	11 9 19
Finley, J. D.	10 20 18
Fisher, Ben W.	1 1 20
Garman, Mrs. O. E.	3 1 19
Gladfelter, Mrs. C.	10 19 19
Golden, Chas.	10 24 19
Gunnels, Mrs. Jane	11 10 19
Helman, H. H.	10 26 19
Henry, B. Frank	4 1 19
Hershey, Geo. M.	11 28 18
Hess, John F.	2 1 20
Hess, Retta	11 10 20
Hill, J. S.	6 1 20
Hoover, E. M.	11 1 19
Johnson, Clarence	11 1 19
Kirk, Hon. L. P.	11 1 19
Knauff, Daniel	10 11 19
Knepper, J. D.	1 25 20
Lanehart, Russel B.	10 24 19
Layton, Carey T.	11 2 19
Lyon, J. E.	4 22 19
Martin, J. F.	11 14 19
McCray, Edward	8 14 19
McElfish, A. B.	1 1 19
McKee, W. C.	11 11 19
Mellott, D. C.	11 1 19
Mellott, May	11 9 20
Mellott, John E.	4 15 19
Mellott, Isaac	11 4 19
Mellott, Orsian	7 2 19
Mellott, Mrs. F. M.	5 2 19
Mellott, Mrs. Almira	11 21 19
Mellott, Dennis W.	11 12 19
Mellott, Mrs. Frances	12 1 19
Mellott, J. R.	10 6 19
Moser, Mrs. Daisy	11 11 19
Nesbitt, A. K.	11 1 19
Naylor, R. C.	10 8 19
Pittman, Shade	5 24 19
Plummer, C. A.	11 14 19
Purcell, Mrs. Cecelia	12 1 18
Readle, W. H.	3 16 19
Richards, Curtis	3 7 19
Richards, J. L.	10 23 19
Richards, Harvey	11 22 19
Ross, Mrs. B. A.	9 15 19

DON'T TAKE CHANCES.

The State Health Department Issues Warning to Victims Convalescing from Spanish Influenza.

Harrisburg, Nov. 11—The epidemic of influenza has already claimed more than 35,000 lives in the State of Pennsylvania alone.

The State Department of Health declares that unless proper precautions are taken by the thousands of patients now recovering from the ravages of this disease there will be a large and gruesome addition to the death list and many patients who think they are on the road to recovery will suffer serious relapses which may rapidly develop into fatal cases of pneumonia.

In order that persons convalescing from influenza may be properly advised regarding the necessary care to be taken until full recovery is reached, Dr. B. Franklin Royer, Acting Commissioner of Health, has issued the following statement.

"One half million Pennsylvanians are now convalescing from influenza. All of them feel for a period of days or weeks the weakness and depression so commonly affecting the convalescent. Thousands of persons will have no physician during the period of recovery, hence a word of warning to them.

"From two to four days after the average person recovers from the fever accompanying influenza getting up cautiously may be allowed. Getting up and going about often leads to dangerous collapse of the heart because of its inability, due to weakness, to send the blood hurrying to the remote extremities. The heart muscle in most persons has been seriously damaged by the poison of influenza and the heart itself may suddenly dilate to a dangerous extent leading to fainting or sinking spells. To put undue strain through exercise or work upon a heart in such condition may lead to permanent damage to the heart itself. Further, a person in such a stage of weakness or collapse very rapidly sickens with pneumonia because of defective lung circulation and hundreds of persons getting up and going about too soon have thus brought additional pneumonia or heart disease upon themselves.

"Take warning therefore. Get up gradually, stop short of fatigue or on the slightest sign of weakness. Better lay up another week rather than attempt to go beyond the strength of a fagged heart.

"For the same reason it is inadvisable to attempt buoying up one's strength by over-circulation. Dissipation of any sort, especially alcoholic dissipation, is dangerous for both heart, kidney and lung in this stage of convalescence. Simple nourishing food taken to the limit of one's digestive ability, rest and rest frequently in a reclining position, probably offers the best possible hope for complete recovery without permanent damage to vital organs."

Mrs. Lemuel Hendershot (Bess Morton) near Clearspring, Md., is spending this week in the home of her parents, Hon. and Mrs. Peter Morton, near town.

Shaw, B. H.	9 20 18
Shaw, Wm. J.	10 27 19
Shives, Frank	3 1 20
Sipes, A. C.	10 18 20
Sipes, W. E.	11 5 19
Stevens, T. B.	10 1 19
Stiver, Bess Smith	2 20 19
Swope, H. B.	10 24 19
Thompson, I. D.	9 21 20
Tice, Charles	7 1 19
Tice, Geo. W.	6 8 19
Truax, Mrs. Nettie	1 1 19
Truax, Stilwell	11 11 19
Unger, G. R.	12 1 19
Wertz, Jacob T.	4 17 19
Whitehill, Mrs. E. C.	1 1 20
Yonker, Lewis	10 1 18
Zimmerman, Ira W.	1 1 21